

To the Members of Steamhouse India Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Steamhouse India Limited . ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026 and the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Cash Flow and the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the Material Accounting Policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and its Profit (including Other Comprehensive Income), Changes in Equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures



to Board's Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the



Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of



section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company have disclosed the matters under litigation at note 28 of the standalone financial statements which may impact its financial position.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.



- iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv) 1. The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 2. The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 3. Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
- v) No dividend is declared or paid during the year, accordingly Rule 11(f) is not applicable.
- vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.



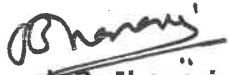
3. In our Opinion and according to information and explanations provided to us, the remuneration (including sitting fees and commission) paid or payable by company to its Directors during the current financial year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and not in excess of the limit laid down therein.

Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Standalone Financial Statements

Place : SURAT
Date : 18-08-2026



For Natvarlal Vepari & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN:123626W


Urvesh B. Jhaveri
(Partner)

Membership No. 115773
UDIN : 26115773RIQIRA3260

ANNEXURE 'A' TO AUDIT REPORT

(As referred to in our Report of even date)

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment except in case of certain Plant & Machinery, where the Company is in the process of updating the records for situation of these assets.
- (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant, and equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, title deeds in respect of immovable properties (other than the Company is lessee of immovable property and the lease agreement is duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant & Equipment or Intangible Assets during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3 (i) (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.



(ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification by the management is reasonable and coverage and procedure of such verification is reasonable and appropriate. No discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate of inventory were noticed.

(b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of rupees five crores, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions which are secured on the basis of security of current assets. As per sanction letter produced before us, the company is not required to file any quarterly returns or statements with such banks or financial institutions.

(iii) (a) (A) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not provided loans to subsidiaries and associates. There is no joint venture of the Company.

(B) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has provided loans, or stood guarantee to any other entity as below: **(Rs. In Million)**

Particulars	Loans
Aggregate amount during the year	
- Others	0.15
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date	
- Others	0.05

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions on which loans have been granted by the company during the year (aggregating to Rs.0.15 million and balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date is Rs. 0.05 million) are not prejudicial to the company's interest.

(c) In case of the loans and advances in the nature of loan, schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest have not been stipulated as the same are repayable on demand.



- (d) In case of the loans and advances in the nature of loan, schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest have not been stipulated as the same are repayable on demand.
- (e) As the loans given are repayable on demand, it is not possible to comment as to whether there is any amount which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) According to the information explanation provided to us, the Company has granted loans/advances in the nature of loans repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment. The details of the same are as follows:

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	All Parties	Related Parties	Others
Aggregate amount of loans			
- Repayable on Demand	0.15	-	0.15
- Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment	-	-	-
Total	0.15	-	0.15
Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total loans	100%	-	100.00%

- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, in respect of investments made and loans, guarantees given by the Company, in our opinion the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") have been complied with.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant



provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. Consequently, the clause 3 (v) is not applicable to the Company.

(vi)

We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, in respect of the Company's products to which the said rules are made applicable, and are of the opinion that, prima facie the prescribed accounts and records are being maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

(vii) (a)

The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues have been subsumed into Goods and Service Tax.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs and other statutory dues applicable to it. Further, no undisputed amounts payables in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs and other statutory dues were in arrears, as of March 31, 2026, for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.

(b)

Statutory Dues which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2026 on account of dispute are given below:

Rs. in Millions

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remarks, if any.



Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	Outstanding Demand	10.67	FY 2022-23	Office of the State Tax Officer under CGST & SGST	Amount is inclusive of Interest, Penalty & Cess
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- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in payment of interest to any lender during the year.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, term loan availed by the company during the year were prima facie applied for the purposes for which the loans were obtained, though idle/surplus funds which were not required for immediate utilization were temporarily taken in overdraft account.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of



or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, as defined under the Act. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries (as defined under the Act).

(x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

(c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year

(xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xiii) According to the records obtained, and information and explanations provided to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of the section 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of the transactions are also disclosed in the Financial Statements.



- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CICs. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) Based on the overall review of financial statements, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, clause 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xviii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying



the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx)

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, provisions of section 135 of the Act are applicable to the Company. The company has made the required contributions during the year and there are no unspent amount which are required to be transferred to the special account as on the date of our audit report. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

(xxi)

Reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the order is not applicable at the standalone level of reporting.

Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Standalone Financial Statements

Place: Surat
Date: 18-08-2026

For Natvarlal Vepari & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN:123626W



Urvesh B. Jhaveri
Partner

Membership No. 115773
UDIN: 26115773RIQIRA3260



ANNEXURE 'B' TO AUDITOR'S REPORT PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Steamhouse India Limited** as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the period ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating



effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Standalone Financial Statements

Place : SURAT
Date : 18-08-2026



For Natvarlal Vepari & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN:123626W


Urvesh B. Jhaveri
(Partner)

Membership No. 115773
UDIN : 26115773RIQIRA3260

STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
I. ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2	2,847.03	2,137.19
Rights-of-Use Assets	3(A)	786.99	733.52
Capital Work-in-Progress	4	1,579.35	1,154.99
Intangible Assets	5	5.43	5.80
Intangible Assets Under Development	5	65.83	-
Financial Assets			
Investments	6	0.10	0.10
Other Financial Assets	7	112.59	117.92
Other Non-Current Assets	8	176.02	136.98
Total Non-Current Assets		5,573.34	4,286.50
Current assets			
Inventories	9	412.84	461.02
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	10	392.83	302.47
Cash & Cash Equivalents	11	1.79	21.77
Other Bank Balance	12	103.32	55.01
Loans	13	0.05	2.00
Other Financial Assets	14	91.78	17.27
Other Current Assets	15	218.64	290.73
Total Current Assets		1,221.26	1,150.28
TOTAL ASSETS		6,794.60	5,436.78
II. Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	16	451.95	451.95
Other Equity	17	1,275.85	872.62
Total Equity		1,727.80	1,324.57
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
ROU Liability	18	0.00	0.06
Borrowings	19	991.25	988.87
Lease Liability	3(B)	434.55	404.02
Other financial liabilities	20	105.87	79.07
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	21	169.15	134.42
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1,700.82	1,606.44
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	22	1,824.97	1,240.60
Lease Liability	3(B)	102.50	81.36



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Trade Payables:	23		
Due to Micro and Small Enterprises		15.87	29.38
Due to other than Micro and Small Enterprises		916.47	750.97
Other Financial Liabilities	24	54.51	34.13
Provisions	25	21.27	16.25
Other Current Liabilities	26	357.57	292.92
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	27	72.81	60.17
Total Current Liabilities		3,365.98	2,505.77
Total Liabilities		5,066.80	4,112.21
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		6,794.60	5,436.78

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Material Accounting policies

1

For Natvarlal Vepari & Co

Chartered Accountants.

Firm Reg. No. 123626W

Urvesh B. Jhaveri

Partner

Mem. No.: 115773

Date : 18-08-2026

Place: Surat

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

For Steamhouse India Limited

Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00017705

Ramprakash Bhavdutt Sharma

Director

DIN: 00048703

Vaibhav Gattani

Chief Financial Officer

Date : 18-08-2026

Place: Surat

Lalankumar Dayanand Yadav

Director

DIN: 07893781

Shyam Bhadresh Kapadia

Company Secretary

FCS - 13082



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)*

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue from Operations	29	4,915.11	3,951.06
Other Income	30	34.63	34.23
Total Income		4,949.74	3,985.28
Cost of Materials Consumed	31	1,598.57	1,528.08
Purchase of Stock in Trade	32	1,945.01	1,321.70
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in-Progress and Stock-in-Trade	33	11.40	(11.40)
Employee Benefits Expense	34	134.78	97.84
Finance Costs	35	217.30	221.80
Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment Expense	36	139.86	115.94
Other Expenses	37	390.45	321.58
Total Expenses		4,437.38	3,595.53
Profit before exceptional items and tax		512.36	389.75
Exceptional items		-	-
Profit before tax		512.36	389.75
Tax Expenses			
Current tax	27	72.81	60.17
Deferred tax	21	34.41	13.75
Short/ Excess Provision of Tax Expenses of earlier year		18.75	4.12
Profit after tax for the year		386.39	311.71
Other Comprehensive Income			
A Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss :			
Gain/(loss) on remeasurements of the defined benefits plan		1.28	0.07
Income tax (expenses)/income on remeasurements of the defined benefits plan		(0.32)	(0.02)
B Items that may be reclassified to Profit or Loss :			
Effective portion of gain/(loss) on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge		-	-
Income tax (expenses)/income on effective portion of gain/(loss) on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (Net of Tax)		0.96	0.05
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		387.34	311.76



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)*

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Earnings per Equity share (Nominal value per share; Rs.2)	38	*	
Basic Earnings per Equity Share (Rs.)		1.71	1.38
Diluted Earnings per Equity Share (Rs.)		1.71	1.38

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Material Accounting policies

1

For Natvarlal Vepari & Co
Chartered Accountants.
Firm Reg. No. 123626W



Urvesh B. Jhaveri
Partner
Mem. No.: 115773

Date : 18-08-2026
Place: Surat

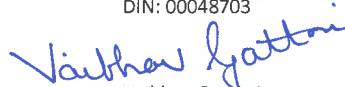
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
For Steamhouse India Limited



Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN: 00017705



Ramprakash Bhavdutt Sharma
Director
DIN: 00048703



Vaibhav Gattani
Chief Financial Officer
Date : 18-08-2026
Place: Surat



Lalankumar Dayanand Yadav
Director
DIN: 07893781



Shyam Bhadresh Kapadia
Company Secretary
FCS - 13082



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital

	INR
Balance as at April 1, 2024	451.95
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	451.95
Balance as at April 1, 2025	451.95
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	451.95

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive income	Total Equity
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	Share based payment reserve	Remeasurement of Net Defined benefit Asset/ Liability	
Balance as at April 1, 2024	390.97	193.40	-	(0.87)	583.49
Profit after tax for the year	311.71	-	-	-	311.71
Bonus Issue	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	0.05	0.05
Recognition of share based payment	-	-	4.96	-	4.96
Debenture redemption	-	(27.60)	-	-	(27.60)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	702.68	165.80	4.96	(0.82)	872.62
Balance as at April 1, 2025	702.68	165.80	4.96	(0.82)	872.62
Profit after tax for the year	386.39	-	-	-	386.39
Bonus Issue	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	0.96	0.96
Recognition of share based payment	-	-	15.89	-	15.89
Debenture redemption	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	1,089.07	165.80	20.85	0.13	1,275.85

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Material Accounting policies

1

As per our report of even date

For Natvarlal Vepari & Co
Chartered Accountants.

Firm Reg. No. 123626W

Urvesh B. Bhaveri

Partner

Mem. No.: 115773

Date : 18-08-2026

Place: Surat

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
For Steamhouse India LimitedVishal Sanwarprasad Budhia
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN: 00017706Ramprakash Bhavdutt Sharma
Director
DIN: 00048703

Vaibhav Gattani

Chief Financial Officer

Date : 18-08-2026

Place: Surat

Lalankumar Dayanand Yadav
Director
DIN: 07893781Shyam Bhadrash Kapadia
Company Secretary
FCS - 13082

STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
A. Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit/(loss) after extraordinary items & before tax	512.36	389.75
Adjustments for:		
Financial charges other than interest on lease liability	176.22	184.40
Depreciation & amortization other than impairment losses	139.86	107.78
Gain on modification of lease contract	(2.50)	-
Loss on remeasurement of borrowings	2.71	-
Impairment losses	-	8.16
Share based payment expense	15.89	4.96
Provision for Expected Credit Losses	2.82	4.71
Profit on sale of fixed assets	-	(14.71)
Interest on lease liability	41.08	37.39
Bad Debts	-	0.06
Balances written off	0.30	0.09
Balances written back	(3.55)	(0.58)
Operating profit before working capital changes	885.20	722.02
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	48.17	1.25
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade And Other Receivables	(96.27)	(77.09)
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans And Advances	1.96	(2.00)
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables & Other Liabilities	155.54	416.12
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	(2.42)	(2.91)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	86.31	104.50
Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions	5.03	2.36
(Increase)/Decrease in ROU Liabilities	(0.06)	(0.69)
Cash generated from operations	1,083.46	1,163.57
Income taxes paid	(78.86)	(92.49)
Net cash generated from / (utilized in) operations	1,004.60	1,071.08
B. Cash flow from investing activities:		
Acquisition of Property, Plant & Equipments, Capital Work - In - Progress and Intangible Assets including intangible assets under development	(1,300.00)	(1,055.36)
Acquisition of Right of use Assets	(90.48)	(399.77)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	57.85
Movement in Bank Fixed Deposits (>12 Months)	25.43	(35.65)
Movement in Bank Fixed Deposits (<12 Months)	(48.31)	129.85
(Increase)/Decrease in Deposits Given	(20.10)	(20.85)
Increase/(Decrease) in Deposits Accepted	26.80	(0.12)
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Non Current Assets	(39.05)	94.02
Net cash generated from / (utilized in) investing activities	(1,445.71)	(1,230.04)
C. Cash flow from financing activities:		
Financial charges other than interest on lease liability	(176.22)	(184.40)
Interest on lease liability	(41.08)	(37.39)
Net Proceeds/(Payments) of lease liabilities	51.67	215.10
Debenture Redemption premium	-	(27.60)
(Repayments)/Proceeds from non-current borrowings	2.37	8.53
(Repayments)/Proceeds from other borrowings (net)	643.66	149.24
Net cash generated from financing activities	480.40	123.47
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	39.29	(35.49)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	(199.00)	(163.51)
Cash and cash equivalents at closing of the year	(159.71)	(199.00)



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		
Cash on Hand	0.25	0.25
Bank Overdraft and other short term facilities	(161.49)	(220.78)
Balance with Scheduled Banks in Current accounts	1.54	21.52
	(159.71)	(199.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Material Accounting policies

For Natvarlal Vepari & Co
Chartered Accountants.
Firm Reg. No. 123626W

Urvesh B. Jhaveri
Partner
Mem. No.: 115773

Date : 18-08-2026
Place: Surat

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
For Steamhouse India Limited

Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN: 00017705

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Director
DIN: 00048703

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Chief Financial Officer
Date : 18-08-2026
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Lalankumar Dayanand Yadav
Director
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Company Secretary
FCS - 13082



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

Company Overview

Steamhouse India Limited ("the Company") is an unlisted Public Company incorporated in 2015 and having its registered office in Surat, Gujarat, India. The Company provides industrial consumable steam through a network of pipelines, eliminating the need for individual boilers in industries. The Company employs advanced technology for monitoring steam quality, pressure, and temperature to ensure optimal performance.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared and presented in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated and rounded off up to two decimals to rupees in millions.

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

1. Basis of preparation and presentation Standalone Financial Statements –

The Standalone Financial Statements of the Company comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statements of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2026 and the Summary of Material Accounting Policies and explanatory information (collectively, the 'Standalone Financial Statements') has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, (as amended) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Act ("Ind AS compliant Schedule III"), as applicable to the Company.

The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that are measured at fair value; and net defined benefit (asset) / liability that are measured at fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligations.



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing standard requires a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

2. Current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Standalone Balance Sheet based on Current/ Non-Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is –

- (i) Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- (ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when it is –

- (i) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- (ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

Operating Cycle

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

3. Use of judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial information in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, current assets, non-current assets, current liabilities, non-current liabilities, and the disclosure of the contingent liabilities on the date of the preparation of these financial statements. Such estimates are on a reasonable and prudent basis considering all available information, however due to uncertainties about these judgments, estimates and assumptions, the actual results could differ from those estimates. Information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

Judgments

Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial information is included in the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities: assessment of business model within which the assets are held and assessment of whether the contractual terms of the financial assets are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment, assumptions and estimation uncertainties are provided here, whereas the quantitative break-ups for the same are provided in the notes



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

mentioned below:

- Useful life of depreciable assets, Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets
- Recognition of contingencies, key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of outflow of resources
- Recognition of tax expenses including deferred tax
- Defined benefit obligation, key actuarial assumptions
- Impairment of trade receivables
- Valuation of Inventories

4. Going concern assumptions

These Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The management has, given the significant uncertainties arising out of the various situations, assessed the cash flow projections and available liquidity for a period of at least twelve months from the date of these financial statements. Based on this evaluation, management believes that the Company will be able to continue as a "going concern" in the foreseeable future and for a period of at least twelve months from the date of these financial statements based on the following:

- Expected future operating cash flows based on business projections, and
- Available credit facilities with its bankers

Based on the above factors, the management has concluded that the "going concern" assumption is appropriate. Accordingly, the Standalone Financial Statements do not include any adjustments regarding the recoverability and classification of the carrying amount of assets and classification of liabilities that might result, should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

5. Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, investments at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- (ii) Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

- (iii) Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement as well as for non- recurring measurement.

At each reporting date, the management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

6. Investments in subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures -

The investment in subsidiaries and/or associates and/or Joint Ventures are carried in these Standalone Financial Statements at historical cost, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case, it is accounted for as Non-Current assets held for sale and discontinued operations.

Where the carrying amount of investment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount and the difference is transferred to the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

On disposal of investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Standalone Statement of Profit or Loss.

7. Property, Plant and Equipment (including Capital Work in Progress) –

Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes purchase price (after deducting trade discount / rebate), non-refundable import duties and taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing costs and other directly attributable cost to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

Major shutdown and overhaul expenditure is capitalized as the activities undertaken improves the economic benefits expected to arise from the asset. It includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy based on Ind AS 23 – Borrowing costs. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of PPE when completed and ready for intended use. Assets in the course of construction are classified under Capital Work-in-Progress. At the point when operating of an asset commences as per the management's intended use, the cost of construction/erection is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciation is charged. Costs associated with the commissioning of an asset and any obligatory decommissioning costs are capitalized where the asset is available for use but incapable of operating at normal levels until a year



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

of commissioning has been completed. Revenue generated from production during the trial period is capitalized. Property, plant and equipment except freehold land held for use in the production, supply or administrative purposes, are stated in the Standalone Balance Sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

An item of PPE is de-recognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use. Any profit or loss arising on the de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is de- recognized. The cost of the day-to-day servicing the property, plant and equipment are recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is de-recognized upon the disposal or when no future benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain and loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized net within other income / expenses in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using Straight Line Method on



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognized till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the assets classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 and the date that the asset is de-recognized.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period and if the expectations differ from the previous estimates; the change is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate on a prospective basis.

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

8. Leases -

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset:

- This may be specified explicitly or implicitly and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

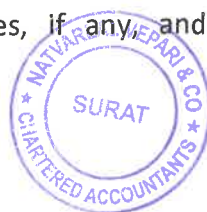
Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified.

- The Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- The Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company has this right when it has the decision making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset if either:
 - The Company has the right to operate the asset; or
 - The Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, Company has availed exemption in respect of allocating consideration in respect of component of land and building. However, as a lessee, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-



STEAM HOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the Interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following –

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Any amount accrued for payment as per Agreement
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is re-measured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is re-measured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item 'ROU Assets' and lease liabilities as a separate line item



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'Lease Liability' in the Standalone Balance Sheet.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company has elected not to recognize right of use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases of real estate properties that have a lease term of 12 months or less. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

9. Intangible Assets –

Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are recognized when the asset is identifiable, is within the control of the Company, it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and cost of the asset can be reliably measured. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Intangible assets acquired by the Company that have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Expenditure on Research activities is recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred. Development expenditure is capitalized only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Company intends to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Intangible assets which comprise of the development expenditure incurred on new product and expenditure incurred on acquisition of user licenses for computer software is recorded at their acquisition price.



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"Revenue of by-products" rights obtained in consideration for rendering construction services (under service concession agreement) represent the right to revenue of by-products during the concession period in respect of Build-Operate-Transfer (BOT) projects undertaken by the Company. Such rights are capitalised as intangible asset upon completion of the project at the cumulative construction costs including related margins.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

Amortization

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets i.e., computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of expected future benefits commencing from the date the asset is available for its use. Intangible assets are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Rights obtained under service concession agreement for right to revenue of by-products are amortised over concession period after completion of construction.

Derecognition

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is de-recognized.

10. Financial Instruments –



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A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets and/or financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes party to a contract embodying the related financial instruments. All financial assets, financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at transaction values and where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from as the case may be, the fair value of such financial assets or liabilities, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in Standalone Statement of Profit or Loss.

Offset

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and presented on net basis in the the Standalone Balance Sheet when there is a current legally enforceable right to set- off the recognized amounts and it is intended to either settle on net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

I. Financial Assets

Subsequent Measurements:

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies financial asset in following broad categories:

- i. Financial asset carried at amortized cost.



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- ii. Financial asset carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- iii. Financial asset carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

i. Financial asset carried at amortized cost (net of any write down for impairment, if any):

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost when asset is held within a business model, whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized costs using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method less impairment, if any. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Standalone statement of profit or loss. Cash and bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial asset of the Company are covered under this category.

Under the EIR method, the future cash receipts are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using EIR. The cumulative amortization using the EIR method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and maturity amount is shown as ROU Asset on the face of the Standalone Balance Sheet (net of principal repayments, if any) which is amortized over the relevant period of the financial asset to arrive at amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under EIR method is recognized as interest income over the relevant period of the financial asset. The same is included under "other income" in the Standalone statement of profit or loss. The amortized cost of the financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

ii. Financial asset carried at FVTOCI:

Financial asset under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value, when asset is held with a business model whose



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objective is to hold asset for both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income.

iii. Financial asset carried at FVTPL:

Financial asset under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the Standalone statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition:

A financial asset is primarily derecognized when rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset and has substantially transferred all the risk and reward of the ownership of the financial asset.

Impairment of financial asset:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months from the reporting date.

For trade receivables, the Company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of



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trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analyzed. For other assets, the Company uses 12 Month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used. ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/expense in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss under the head 'Other expenses'.

II. Financial Liabilities:

Subsequent measurement:

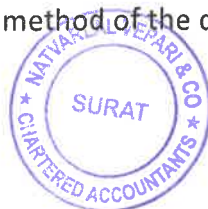
For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies financial liabilities in following broad categories:

- i. Financial liability carried at amortized cost.
- ii. Financial liability carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

i. Financial liability carried at amortized cost.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in Standalone statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Standalone statement of profit and loss.

Non-interest bearing deposit and loans, Company measures it at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Under the EIR method, the future cash receipts are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using EIR. The cumulative amortization using the EIR method of the difference between the initial



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recognition amount and maturity amount is shown as separate line item (net of principal repayments, if any) on the face of the Standalone Balance Sheet, which is deferred over the relevant period of the financial liability to arrive at amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under EIR method is recognized as interest expense over the relevant period of the financial liability. The same is included under "Finance Charges" in the Standalone statement of profit or loss. The amortized cost of the financial liability is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

ii. Financial liability carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the Standalone statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities:

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

11. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets – Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets -

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets to determine whether



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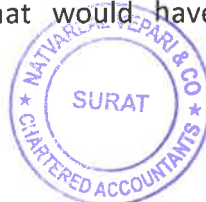
Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Each CGU represents the smallest Company of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Company of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in Standalone statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognized in respect of a CGU is allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

Non-Financial Assets (other than goodwill) for which impairment loss has been recognized in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no



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impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in Standalone statement of profit and loss.

12. Inventories -

Inventories comprise of Raw materials and finished goods. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value (NRV). Cost is determined on first-in-first-out (FIFO) method. Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

13. Cash and Cash Equivalents -

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposit with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

14. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets -

Provisions are recognized for when the Company has at present, legal or contractual obligation as a result of past events, only if it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic outgo or loss will be required and the amount involved can be measured reliably. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities being a possible obligation as a result of past events, the existence of



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which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non- occurrence of one or more future events not wholly in control of the Company are not recognized in the accounts. The nature of such liabilities and an estimate of its financial effect are disclosed in notes to the these financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial information. However, the nature of such assets and an estimate of its financial effect are disclosed in notes to these financial statements.

15. Employee Benefits –

Employee benefits include gratuity, compensated absences, contribution to provident fund, employees' state insurance and superannuation fund.

Short Term Employee Benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short-term employee benefits and recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. These are recognized at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

Retirement benefits in the form of provident fund, state insurance and superannuation fund are defined contribution schemes where the Company's legal or constructive obligation is limited to the amount that it contributes to a separate legal entity. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the funds as an expense, when an employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan. The cost of providing benefits



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under the defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation, carried out by an independent actuary, using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contribution to the plan. The liability for gratuity is funded annually to a gratuity funds maintained with the Life Insurance Company Limited.

Re-measurements gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized immediately in the Standalone Balance Sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to Standalone statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of defined benefit liability or asset.

The Company recognizes the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the Standalone statement of profit and loss in the line item "Employee Benefits Expense":

- Service cost including current service cost, past service cost, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income.

Compensated absences

The Company's policy permits employees to accumulate and carry forward a portion of unutilized compensated absences and utilize them in future periods or receive cash in lieu thereof in accordance with the terms of such policy. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each reporting period.

16. Tax Expenses –

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax



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asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred taxes are recognized in Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside the Standalone statement of profit and loss is recognized outside the Standalone statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income (OCI) or in equity).

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized using the Standalone Balance Sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of



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unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. The carrying amount of unrecognized deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to assess their recoverability and corresponding adjustment is made to carrying values of deferred tax assets in these financial statements.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority. Net outstanding balance in Deferred Tax account is recognized as deferred tax liability/asset.

17. Revenue Recognition –

Revenue from contract with customer is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts and other incentives, if any, as per contracts with the customers.

The specific recognition criteria from various stream of revenue are described below:

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the control of the goods has been passed to the customer, generally steam passes through Steam Pipeline on continuous basis based on the requirements of the customer. Sales are billed fortnightly for most of the consumers. However, for some of the consumers, it is billed at the end of each month. Price of the Steam is variable, which is in line with the variability of Coal Prices. Revenue is booked at the price which mutually agreed with the consumers.



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Rendering of Services

Revenue from services rendered is recognized when the work is performed and as per the terms of agreement.

Revenue on account of construction services rendered in connection with Build-Operate-Transfer (BOT) projects undertaken by the Company is recognised during the period of construction using percentage of completion method. After the completion of construction period, revenue from steam is recognised based on price which mutually agreed with the consumers

Late Payment Charges

Revenue in respect of late payment charges on delayed realizations from customers and cheque bounce charges, if any, is recognized on grounds of prudence and based on certainty of collection.

Interest Income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Other Non-Operating Income

Donations received in kind are measured at fair value on the date of receipt and recognised as income only upon their utilisation.



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026**Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements**

Donation made with a specific direction that they shall form part of the corpus fund or endowment fund of the Company are classified as such, and are directly reflected as Trust Fund receipts in the Standalone Balance Sheet.

Specific Project Grants are recognised as Income based on actual amount spent in a year on that project. Such income is booked only where there is certainty of Grant being sanctioned / approved in future and necessary entries are passed in accounts. Grants received for specific projects remaining unutilised at the year end are shown as Grant Unutilized and on completion of Projects are returned back to donor, if the terms of grant indicate the same.

18. Foreign Currencies Transactions and Translation -**Functional and presentation currency**

The financial information are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency, for initial recognition, using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

All foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates on the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets which are capitalized as cost of assets. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.



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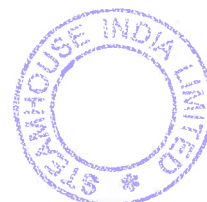
19. Share-based payments - Employee stock option Scheme (ESOP's)

The fair value of equity instruments given in share options granted under Employee Stock Option Plan is recognized as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in the equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the shares, derived using Discounted Cash Flows model. The total expense is recognized over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognizes the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity. Upon exercise of share options, the proceeds received are allocated to the share capital up to the par value of the shares issued with any excess being recorded as securities premium.

20. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. Borrowing costs consist of interest and transaction costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Transaction costs in respect of long-term borrowings are amortized over the tenor of respective loans using effective interest method. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs also includes exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Commencement of capitalization



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Capitalization of borrowing cost as part of cost of a qualifying asset shall begin on the commencement date. The commencement date for capitalization is the date when the entity first meets all of the following conditions:

- i) it incurs expenditure for the asset;
- ii) it incurs borrowing costs; and
- iii) it undertakes activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale.

Cessation of capitalization

Cessation of capitalization shall happen when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are completed.

21. Non-Current Assets Held for Sale -

The Company classifies assets and operations as held for sale / distribution to owners or as discontinued operations if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale / distribution rather than through continuing use. Classification as a discontinued operations occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the below criteria, whichever is earlier.

Non-Current Assets are classified as held for sale only when both the conditions are satisfied –

- i. The sale is highly probable, and
- ii. The asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such assets.

Non-current assets which are subject to depreciation are not depreciated or amortized once those classified as held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of the Company's business, the operations of which can be clearly distinguished from those of the rest of the Group and



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i. is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or

ii. is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

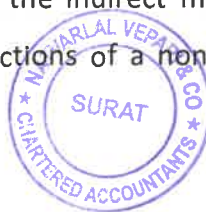
Non-current assets held for sale / distribution to owners and discontinued operations are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell / distribute. Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale / distribution are presented separately in the Standalone Balance Sheet. The results of discontinued operations are excluded from the overall results of the Company and are presented separately in the Standalone statement of profit and loss. Also, the comparative Standalone statement of profit and loss is re-presented as if the operations had been discontinued from the start of the comparative period.

22. Earnings Per Share –

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the ordinary equity shareholders adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares for deriving the basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations.

23. Standalone Statement of Cash flows –

Standalone Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

24. Audit Trail

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of audit trail (edit log) facility and the same was enabled throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

25. Recent accounting pronouncements

A. Standards and amendments effective from 1 April 2025

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified certain amendments to Ind AS. Key amendments relevant to the Company are summarised below:

- Ind AS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current: The amendment clarifies the meaning of a right to defer settlement, requires that such right must exist at the end of the reporting period, and confirms that classification is not affected by the likelihood of exercising this right. It also clarifies that the terms of a convertible liability affect classification only if the embedded derivative is equity classified.

The amendment is to be applied retrospectively in accordance with Ind AS 8. The



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

Company has evaluated the impact and determined that these amendments do not have a material effect on the classification or presentation of liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2026.

- Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107 – Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements:

These amendments require enhanced disclosures to help users of financial statements understand the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 01, 2025. Comparative information for earlier periods and disclosures for interim periods ending on or before March 31, 2026 are not required. These amendments do not have an impact on recognition or measurement in the current financial statements.

- Ind AS 12 – International Tax Reform: Pillar Two Model Rules:

The amendment introduces a mandatory temporary exception from recognising and disclosing deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes. This exception is applicable immediately and retrospectively, with additional disclosure requirements effective from April 01, 2025 (but not for interim periods ending on or before March 31, 2026). These amendments do not have an impact on recognition or measurement in the current financial statements.

B. Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective

Further amendments to Ind AS 1 – Non-current Liabilities with Covenants specify that if a covenant breach existing at the reporting date is rectified after the reporting date, such rectification shall be treated as a non-adjusting event under Ind AS 10. These amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2026. The Company will evaluate the implications of these amendments upon their applicability. Based on the preliminary assessment, no material impact is expected on the recognition or measurement of liabilities.



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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1 - Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Notes to Standalone Financial Statements



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

2) Property, Plant & Equipment

Particulars	Land	Buildings	Boller	Pipeline	Plant & Machinery	Office Equipment	Computer and Peripherals	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicle	Electric Installations	Total
Gross carrying value											
As at April 1, 2024	41.73	85.56	971.11	461.13	316.13	8.47	3.56	6.38	14.99	47.50	1,956.56
Additions	0.53	14.92	93.75	308.42	91.25	4.91	1.75	2.04	8.58	9.75	535.89
Disposals (Write off)	-	1.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.42
Disposals	42.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.10	-	45.36
As at March 31, 2025	-	99.06	1,064.85	769.55	407.38	13.38	5.31	8.43	20.47	57.24	2,445.67
Accumulated depreciation											
As at April 1, 2024	-	15.16	115.85	43.05	46.13	1.57	1.66	1.78	4.53	11.52	241.26
Depreciation for the year	-	3.00	24.73	18.53	14.43	1.38	1.04	0.57	1.83	3.93	69.44
Deductions	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.16	-	2.22
As at March 31, 2025	-	18.10	140.58	61.57	60.56	2.95	2.70	2.35	4.20	15.46	308.48
Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	-	80.96	924.27	707.98	346.81	10.42	2.60	6.07	16.28	41.78	2,137.19
Carrying value as at March 31, 2024	41.73	70.40	855.26	418.08	270.00	6.90	1.90	4.60	10.46	35.97	1,715.30
Gross carrying value											
As at April 1, 2025	-	99.06	1,064.85	769.55	407.38	13.38	5.31	8.43	20.47	57.24	2,445.67
Additions	26.67	32.73	302.37	366.08	73.39	1.88	1.21	0.62	0.36	3.11	808.42
Disposals (Write off)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	26.67	131.80	1,367.22	1,135.63	480.77	15.25	6.52	9.04	20.83	60.36	3,254.09
Accumulated depreciation											
As at April 1, 2025	-	18.10	140.58	61.57	60.56	2.95	2.70	2.35	4.20	15.46	308.48
Depreciation for the year	-	3.84	35.80	27.73	18.80	2.44	1.49	0.80	2.46	5.22	98.58
Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	-	21.94	176.38	89.30	79.36	5.39	4.20	3.15	6.66	20.68	407.06
Carrying value as at March 31, 2026	26.67	109.86	1,190.84	1,046.33	401.41	9.87	2.33	5.89	14.17	39.68	2,847.03
Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	-	80.96	924.28	707.98	346.81	10.42	2.60	6.07	16.28	41.78	2,137.19



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

5 Intangible Assets

Particulars	Software & Other	Trademark	Patent	Total
Gross carrying value				
As at April 1, 2024	6.69	0.10	0.07	6.86
Additions	1.89	-	-	1.89
Disposal	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	8.58	0.10	0.07	8.75
Accumulated Amortisation:				
As at April 1, 2024	1.56	0.03	0.01	1.60
Charge for the year	1.32	0.02	0.01	1.35
Disposal	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	2.88	0.05	0.02	2.95
Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	5.70	0.05	0.05	5.80
Carrying value as at March 31, 2024	5.13	0.07	0.06	5.26
Gross carrying value				
As at April 1, 2025	8.58	0.10	0.07	8.75
Additions	1.38	0.01	-	1.39
Disposal	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	9.97	0.11	0.07	10.14
Accumulated Amortisation:				
As at April 1, 2025	2.88	0.05	0.02	2.95
Charge for the year	1.73	0.02	0.01	1.76
Disposal	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	4.61	0.06	0.03	4.71
Carrying value as at March 31, 2026	5.35	0.04	0.03	5.43
Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	5.70	0.05	0.05	5.80

Intangible Assets under developments

Particulars	Rights under service concession agreement
Balance as on April 1, 2025	-
Additions during the year	-
Adjustment	-
Asset Capitalised (Transfer to Other intangible asset)	-
Balance as on March 31, 2026	-
Balance as on April 1, 2025	-
Additions during the year	65.83
Adjustment	-
Asset Capitalised (Transfer to Other intangible asset)	-
Balance as on March 31, 2026	65.83

Ageing schedule of intangible asset under development as on March 31, 2026:

Intangible Asset Under Development	Amount in Intangible assets under development for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress(A)	65.83	-	-	-	65.83
Project Temporarily Suspended (B)	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A + B)	65.83	-	-	-	65.83

Ageing schedule of intangible asset under development as on March 31, 2025:

Intangible Asset Under Development	Amount in Intangible assets under development for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress(A)	-	-	-	-	-
Project Temporarily Suspended (B)	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A + B)	-	-	-	-	-



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

4 Capital Work in Progress

Particulars	Amount
As at April 1, 2024	644.15
Additions	879.52
Adjustment*	(360.51)
Impairment losses	(8.16)
As at March 31, 2025	1,154.99

Particulars	Amount
As at April 1, 2025	1,154.99
Additions	948.31
Adjustment*	(523.95)
As at March 31, 2026	1,579.35

*Refers to Inter Unit transfer and transfer from Capital Work-in-Progress to Property, Plant & Equipments, and sale of assets.

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of: March 31, 2026				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress (A)	714.23	682.56	141.20	41.36	1,579.35
Projects temporarily suspended (B)	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A) + (B)	714.23	682.56	141.20	41.36	1,579.35

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of: March 31, 2025				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress (A)	889.38	207.15	58.46	-	1,154.99
Projects temporarily suspended (B)	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A) + (B)	889.38	207.15	58.46	-	1,154.99



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

3(A) (i) Carrying value of Right of Use of Asset at the end of reporting period:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance as at the beginning of the year	721.74	362.91
Adjustment on account of modification of lease	0.74	3.68
Adjusted Opening balance	722.48	366.58
Addition during the year at fair value through Profit and Loss account	111.04	394.20
Depreciation charge for the year (Forming a part of Profit and Loss account)	37.18	35.33
Adjustment (Lease Rentals of inoperative units transferred to Capital Work-in-Progress)	23.48	3.71
Closing Balance as at the end of the year	772.86	721.74

(ii) Carrying value of prepaid expenses on interest free security deposit at the end of reporting period:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance as at the beginning of the year	11.78	7.84
Addition during the year	4.69	5.60
Lease Expenses charged for the year	2.34	1.67
Closing Balance as at the end of the year	14.14	11.78
Total Rights-of-Use Assets at the end of the year (i) + (ii)	786.99	733.52

3(B) (i) Carrying value of Lease Liabilities at the end of reporting period:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance as at the beginning of the year	485.37	270.28
Adjustment on account of modification of lease	(1.76)	3.68
Adjusted Opening balance	483.61	273.95
# Additions	153.94	297.90
Payments	100.51	86.48
Closing Balance as at the end of the year	537.05	485.37

The Company has accounted for variable lease payment under ROU of Road Infrastructure, which is based on unit rate charged by the lessor during the previous years; because future lease payment depends upon the prevailing rate after the completion of tenure. The Company considers incremental rate of 10% p.a. in the future lease rent and accounted variable payment accordingly.



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***Maturity Analysis of Lease Liabilities:**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Maturity analysis – contractual undiscounted cash flows		
Less than one year	112.23	89.68
One to five years	375.31	307.08
More than five years	272.33	318.74
Total undiscounted lease liabilities at 31 March	759.87	715.50
Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position at the end of the year	537.05	485.37
Current	102.50	81.36
Non-current	434.55	404.02

Note: The Company has discounted its cash flow towards lease using incremental borrowing rate as on the date of transition. Further, the Company has discounted its cash flow towards lease using incremental borrowing rate as on the date commencement date of lease for the lease entered into subsequent to transition date.

(ii) Carrying value of interest free security deposit given for leases at the end of reporting period:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance as at the beginning of the year	38.08	25.98
Addition during the year at fair value through Profit and Loss account	7.88	10.60
Interest Income on security deposit at fair value through Profit and Loss account - Note A	1.99	1.50
Closing Balance as at the end of the year	47.94	38.08

Note A:

The Company have discounted its cash flow towards deposit using 3 Years MCLR of State Bank of India at 7.70% as on March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Interest on Lease Liabilities [Finance cost] for the year	40.09	37.39
Interest Income on security deposit at fair value through Profit and Loss account for the year- Note A as mentioned above	1.40	1.42
Depreciation charge for the year	37.18	35.33
Lease rent expense [depreciation of ROU of asset from security deposit valuation] for the year	2.34	1.67



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

6 Non-Current Assets: Financial Assets - Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Wholly owned Subsidiary company (at cost)		
Steamhouse Welfare Foundation	0.10	0.10
Total value of Non Current Investments	0.10	0.10

7 Non-Current Assets: Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Fixed deposits with banks with maturity more than 12 months (*)	17.78	43.21
Fair valuation of Security Deposit at Amortised Cost	94.81	74.70
Total	112.59	117.92

*Fixed Deposit is created as security against letter of credit taken and Bank guarantee.

8 Non-Current Assets: Other Non-Current Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Capital advances	172.22	134.70
Employee Group Gratuity Scheme Fund [Net](Refer Note 34)	3.81	2.28
Total	176.02	136.98

9 Current Assets: Inventories(*)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Chemical	5.09	3.90
Coal at plant	390.49	442.16
Others	16.51	14.59
BED material	0.18	0.10
Diesel	0.57	0.28
Total	412.84	461.02

*In accordance with Ind AS 2, Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

10 Current Assets: Financial Assets - Trade Receivables(*)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured and considered good	397.58	307.22
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	4.75	4.75
Total	392.83	302.47

*In accordance with Ind AS 109-Financial Instruments, Expected credit loss is to be provided for various items of Financial Assets of the Company. Trade Receivable being classified as Financial Asset of the Company, Expected credit Loss is to be provided for on the basis of Simplified Approach as allowed under Ind AS. So the chances of impairment of Trade Receivable are negligible according to which no material expected credit loss is estimated for the current period.



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(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)
Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at March 31, 2026:						
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	383.67	4.66	8.97	0.25	0.03	397.58
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
	383.67	4.66	8.97	0.25	0.03	397.58
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss						4.75
Total Trade Receivable - Net						392.83
As at March 31, 2025:						
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	279.45	24.65	1.76	1.35	-	307.22
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
	279.45	24.65	1.76	1.35	-	307.22
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss						4.75
Total Trade Receivable - Net						302.47

11 Current Assets: Financial Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance with banks	1.54	21.52
Cash on hand	0.25	0.25
Total	1.79	21.77

12 Current Assets: Financial Assets - Other Bank Balances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Fixed deposits with banks with maturity less than 12 months (*)	103.32	55.01
Total	103.32	55.01

* Fixed Deposit is created as security against Letter of Credit taken and Bank Guarantee.

13 Current Assets: Financial Assets - Loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Loans and advances:		
Others		
Employees	0.05	2.00
Total	0.05	2.00



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

14 Current Assets: Financial Assets - Others

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Advances recoverable in cash	-	0.08
Service concession receivables	75.36	-
Security deposits (*)	-	0.77
Other Receivables	16.42	16.42
Total	91.78	17.27

* Security Deposit is towards short term lease.

15 Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Prepaid Insurance & other expenses	10.89	29.43
Prepaid IPO Expense	90.10	14.45
Advance to Notified Area Authority	-	0.01
Advance to Vendor	9.11	174.47
TDS receivable	17.74	5.00
TCS receivable	-	7.09
Balance with Tax authorities	88.43	59.98
Others	2.37	0.32
Total	218.64	290.73



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

16) Share Capital**A) Share capital authorized, issued, subscribed and paid up:**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of shares	Amount (INR)	No. of shares	Amount (INR)
Authorized Share capital				
Equity Share Capital of INR 2/- each	325,000,000	650.00	325,000,000	650.00
		650.00		650.00
Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital				
Equity Share Capital of INR 2/- each	225,976,750	451.95	225,976,750	451.95
Total		451.95		451.95

B) The reconciliation of the numbers of shares outstanding

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	225,976,750	225,976,750
Add: Equity Share Issue	-	-
Less: Equity Share bought back	-	-
Equity Shares at the end of the year	225,976,750	225,976,750

C) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity shares: There is only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs.2. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held and is entitled to dividend, if declared at the Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

D) List of shares holders who are holding more than 5 % Equity Shares of the Company

Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	% of shareholding	No. of Shares	% of shareholding
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia*	202,500,000	89.61%	202,500,000	89.61%

*As of March 31, 2026, 15,686,274 shares are held in escrow account as a part of initial public offerings (IPO) process.

E) shares in the preceding five years allotted as fully paid up without payment being received in cash / bonus shares / bought back

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(A) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash.	-	-
(B) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up by way of bonus shares. (Paid up value of Rs. 2 Each)	-	-
(C) Aggregate number and class of shares bought back.	-	-

F) Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters and promoters group

Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2026		
	No. of Shares	% of shareholding	% Change during the year
Promoters			
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia*	202,500,000	89.61%	0.00%
Ritu Budhia	300	0.00%	0.00%
VSB Business Trust (Trustee: Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia and Ritu Vishal Budhia)	8,010,425	3.54%	0.00%
Budhia Business Trust (Trustee: Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia and Ritu Vishal Budhia)	6,387,000	2.83%	0.00%
VB Business Trust (Trustee: Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia and Ritu Vishal Budhia)	4,263,000	1.89%	0.00%
Promoter Group			
Sanwarprasad Ramkumar Budhia	100	0.00%	0.00%
Budhia Kumaresh Sanwarprasad	900,750	0.40%	0.00%
Pushpadevi Sanwarprasad Budhia	750	0.00%	0.00%
Sangeeta Gaurav Parasrampur	50,000	0.02%	-
Kamal Yogesh Agarawal	900,750	0.40%	0.00%

*As of March 31, 2026, 15,686,274 shares are held in escrow account as a part of initial public offerings (IPO) process.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

16) Share Capital

Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2025		
	No. of Shares	% of shareholding	% Change during the year
Promoters			
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia	202,500,000	89.61%	0.00%
Ritu Budhia	300	0.00%	0.00%
VS Business Trust (Trustee: Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia and Ritu Vishal Budhia)	8,010,425	3.54%	0.00%
Budhia Business Trust (Trustee: Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia and Ritu Vishal Budhia)	6,387,000	2.83%	0.00%
VB Business Trust (Trustee: Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia and Ritu Vishal Budhia)	4,263,000	1.89%	0.00%
Promoter Group			
Sanwarprasad Ramkumar Budhia	100	0.00%	0.00%
Budhia Kumaresh Sanwarprasad	900,750	0.40%	0.00%
Pushpadevi Sanwarprasad Budhia	750	0.00%	0.00%
Sangeeta Gaurav Parasrampur	50,000	0.02%	-
Kamal Yogesh Agarawal	900,750	0.40%	0.00%



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

17) Other Equity

For the year ended March 31, 2026

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	Total Equity
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	Share based payment reserve	Remeasurement of Net Defined benefit Asset/ Liability	
Balance as at April 1, 2025	702.68	165.80	4.96	(0.82)	872.62
Profit after tax for the year	386.39	-	-	-	386.39
Bonus Issue	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	0.96	0.96
Recognition of share based payment	-	-	15.89	-	15.89
Debenture Redemption	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	1,089.07	165.80	20.85	0.13	1,275.85

For the year ended March 31, 2025

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	Total Equity
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	Share based payment reserve	Remeasurement of Net Defined benefit Asset/ Liability	
Balance as at April 1, 2024	390.97	193.40	-	(0.87)	583.49
Profit after tax for the year	311.71	-	-	-	311.71
Bonus Issue	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	0.05	0.05
Recognition of share based payment	-	-	4.96	-	4.96
Debenture Redemption	-	(27.60)	-	-	(27.60)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	702.68	165.80	4.96	(0.82)	872.62



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***18 Non-Current Liabilities: Financial Liabilities- ROU Liabilities**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Deferred Deposit from Customers (*)	0.00	0.06
Total	0.00	0.06

* Deposits received for Supply of Steam are repayable after the period determined as per agreed terms subsequent to the date, Supply of Steam is commenced.

19 Non-Current Liabilities: Financial liabilities-Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured at Amortised cost: <i>(Refer Annexure A for terms of securities and details)</i>		
Term loan from Banks	520.16	588.58
Vehicle Loan from Bank	7.19	7.21
Loan from NBFC	157.82	92.75
Non Convertible Debentures	306.08	300.33
Total	991.25	988.87

20 Non Current liabilities: Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Security Deposit for steam(*)	105.87	79.07
Total	105.87	79.07

Note **

Deposits received for Supply of Steam are repayable after the period determined as per agreed terms subsequent to the date, Supply of Steam is commenced.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***22 Current Liabilities: Financial Liabilities - Borrowings**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured - At Amortised cost: <i>(Refer Annexure A for terms of securities and details)</i>		
Letter of Credit from Banks	644.64	374.24
Bank overdraft	161.49	220.78
Working Capital Loans from Banks and NBFCs	200.00	200.00
Unsecured:		
From Banks:		
Credit Cards	59.69	19.73
Purchase Bill Discounting	48.57	85.66
From Others:		
Body Corporates(*)	54.88	-
Purchase Bill Discounting	30.84	-
Purchase financing	88.46	47.02
Current maturities of Long-term Borrowings:		
Secured borrowings	536.39	293.17
Unsecured borrowings	-	-
Total	1,824.97	1,240.60

* Loans are repayable on demand.



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(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

23 Current Liabilities: Financial Liabilities - Trade Payables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Due to Micro and Small Enterprises: (*)		
For Goods	4.80	1.42
For Expenses & services	11.07	27.96
Total	15.87	29.38
Due to other than Micro and Small Enterprises:		
For Goods	882.06	715.76
For Expenses & services	34.41	35.21
Total	916.47	750.97
Total	932.34	780.35

(*) Due to Micro and Small enterprises- As per Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	15.36	26.70
Amount of interest due remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	0.51	2.68
Amount of interest paid under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (where the principal has been paid but interest under MSMED Act, 2006 not paid)	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of year	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year	-	-



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Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at March 31, 2026:					
(i) MSME	15.86	0.02	-	-	15.87
(ii) Others	910.97	5.35	0.14	-	916.47
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	926.83	5.37	0.14	-	932.34
As at March 31, 2025:					
(i) MSME	28.14	-	1.24	-	29.38
(ii) Others	750.02	0.95	-	-	750.97
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	778.16	0.95	1.24	-	780.35

24 Current liabilities: Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
TDS/TCS payable	2.67	2.37
Security deposits from customers	51.84	31.76
Total	54.51	34.13

25 Current Liabilities- Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for Employee Benefits:		
Salary & Reimbursements	9.61	7.56
Contribution to PF/ESI/PT	0.54	0.46
Provision for expenses	9.48	7.06
Other Provisions	1.58	1.10
PT Payable	0.08	0.07
Total	21.27	16.25



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26 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Creditor for Capital Goods	357.11	252.13
Advance from Debtors	0.47	40.79
Total	357.57	292.92

27 Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for Income Tax	72.81	60.17
Total	72.81	60.17

Reconciliation of Income Tax Provision provided for the current financial year:	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Income tax recognised in statement of Profit and loss		
Current tax	72.81	60.17
Deferred Tax (Refer note 21)	34.41	13.75
[A] Profit before tax during the year/ period	512.36	389.75
Rate of taxation	25.168%	25.168%
Computed Tax expense	128.95	98.09
Tax effect of :		
Gain/(loss) on remeasurements of the defined benefits plan	-	-
Effective portion of gain/(loss) on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge	-	-
Other Adjustment	(56.14)	(37.92)
Amount of Tax Provision on [A]	72.81	60.17



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
1) Axis Bank Limited			
(i) Working Capital Limits of INR 400 million			
a. Non fund based limit of INR 310 million	LC Commision	12 months	* Primary Security by way of pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothication, both present and future.
- Letter of Credit	0.55% p.a., BG Commision 1.25% p.a.		
b. fund based limit of INR 90 million	7.75% p.a.	12 months	* First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506
- Overdraft facility			
			Personal Guarantee of: 1. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Sanwarprasad Budhia
			Corporate Guarantee of: 1. Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd. 2. Sanjoo Prints Pvt. Ltd. 3. Sanjoo Filaments Pvt. Ltd



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
2) Axis Finance Limited			
(i) Term Loan with Sanctioned Loan amount of INR 188 million	11.35% p.a.	84 equal months	* First pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future. * First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506 * Corporate Guarantee of 1. Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited 2. Sanjoo Prints Private Limited 3. Sanjoo Filaments Private Limited * Personal Guarantee of 1. Mrs. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Mr. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Mr. Sanwarprasad Budhia



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
3) Bajaj Finance Limited			
(i) Term Loan with Sanctioned amount of INR 100 million	11.8% p.a.	5 years	* First Pari-passu charge on current assets, movable fixed assets and 4 immovable properties to the extent of 1.25x times. First pari-passu charge on the immovable fixed assets located at: 1. Plot No. 510, 511 and 512, Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat 2. Plot No. E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Thane 3. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin owned by Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Private limited 4. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat owned by Sanjoo Prints Private Limited
(ii) Working Capital Loan with sanction amount of INR 200 million	9.95% p.a.	12 months	* Security cheques for the facility amount. * Corporate Guarantee of 1. Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited 2. Sanjoo Prints Private Limited
(iii) Term Loan with Sanctioned amount of INR 100 million	9.90% p.a.	5 years	Personal Guarantee of: 1. Mrs. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Mr. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Mr. Sanwarprasad Budhia



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
4) Federal Bank Limited			
(i) Term Loan with Sanctioned amount of INR 260 million	7.95% p.a.	66 months	* First pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future.
(ii) Bank Guarantee with facility limit of INR 70 million	0.70% p.a.	12 months	
(iii) Fixed Deposit Overdraft of INR 0.2 million	FD rate +1 % p.a.	12 months	* First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506 * Corporate Guarantee of 1. Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited 2. Sanjoo Prints Private Limited * Personal Guarantee of 1. Mrs. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Mr. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Mr. Sanwarprasad Budhia



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
5)HDFC Bank Limited (i) Term Loan with sanction amount INR 75 million	8.45% p.a.	91 months	* Primary Security by way of pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future. * Secondary Collateral on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506 Personal Guarantee of: 1. Mrs. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Mr. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Mr. Sanwarprasad Budhia Corporate Guarantee of: 1. Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd. 2. Sanjoo Prints Pvt. Ltd. 3. Sanjoo Filaments Pvt. Ltd



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
(ii) Term Loan with sanction amount INR 90 million	8.45% p.a.	91 months	* Primary Security by way of pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future. * First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506 Personal Guarantee of: 1. Mrs. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Mr. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Mr. Sanwarprasad Budhia Corporate Guarantee of: 1. Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd. 2. Sanjoo Prints Pvt. Ltd 3. Sanjoo Filaments Pvt. Ltd



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
(iii) Cash Credit Facility of INR 5 millions	8.47% p.a.	12 Months	* Primary Security by way of pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future. * First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506 Personal Guarantee of: 1. Mrs. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Mr. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Mr. Sanwarprasad Budhia Corporate Guarantee of: 1. Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd. 2. Sanjoo Prints Pvt. Ltd. 3. Sanjoo Filaments Pvt. Ltd.



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
(iv) Cash Credit Facility of INR 5 millions	7.97% p.a.	12 Months	* Primary Security by way of pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future. * First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506 Personal Guarantee of: 1. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Sanwarprasad Budhia Corporate Guarantee of: 1. Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd. 2. Sanjoo Prints Pvt. Ltd. 3. Sanjoo Filaments Pvt. Ltd



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
(v) Term Loan with sanction amount of INR 250 million	8.45% p.a.	78 months	* Primary Security by way of pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future. * First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on: 1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat 3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115 4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506 Personal Guarantee of: 1. Mrs. Ritu Vishal Budhia 2. Mr. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Mr. Sanwarprasad Budhia Corporate Guarantee of: 1. Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd. 2. Sanjoo Prints Pvt. Ltd. 3. Sanjoo Filaments Pvt. Ltd



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
6) Yes Bank Limited			
(i) Working capital limit of INR 200 million			
a. Fund Based limit of INR 100 million	8.59% p.a.	48 months	* First pari passu charge on current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company by way of hypothecation, both present and future.
-Overdraft Facility			
b. Non Fund Based limit of INR 100 million	Commission of	12 months	* Exclusive charge on the immoveable fixed assets located at:
- Letter of Credit Facility	0.65% p.a.		
(ii) Term Loan with sanction amount of INR 295.7 million	8.59% p.a.	48 months	1. RS No. 360/P, 361/P, 338/P, 337/A/P, Canal 362/B, Paikee Industrial Plot No- 680/2, Jhagadia GIDC Industrial Estate, Taluka Jhagadia, Bharuch
			*Personal Gurantee of
			1.Ritu Budhia
			2.Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia
			3.Sanwarprasad Budhia
			*Corporate Guarantee of
			1. Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited,
			2. Sanjoo Prints Private Limited
			3. Sanjoo Filaments Private Limited



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
7) SBM Bank (India) Limited			
(i) Term Loan with Facility amount of INR 300 millions	10.30% p.a.	46 months	* First charge on Pari passu basis on entire movable fixed assets of the Company both present and future along with other member Banks. First charge on Pari passu basis on below mentioned immovable properties : 1. Plot No. 510, 511 and 512, Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat 2. Plot No. E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Thane 3. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin owned by Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Private limited 4. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat owned by Sanjoo Prints Private Limited *Personal Guarantee of 1. Ritu Budhia 2. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Sanwarprasad Budhia *Corporate Guarantee of 1. Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited, 2. Sanjoo Prints Private Limited
(ii) Term Loan with Facility amount of INR 150 millions	10.30% p.a.	48 months	



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
8) Bandhan Bank Limited			
(i) Working Capital limit of INR 400 million			
a. Fund Based Limit of INR 50 million	8.00% p.a.	On demand	* First pari passu charge on current assets of the Company by way of hypothication, both present and future.
- Overdraft Facility amount of INR 50 million			
			* First pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage/registered mortgage on:
			1. Plot No. 291, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat
b. Non Fund Based limit of INR 350million	Commission of	18 Months	2. Plot No. 8108/1, Sachin Industrial Estate, GIDC, Sachin, Gujarat
-Bank Guarantee facility limit of INR 350 million	0.75% p.a.		3. Plot No 510, 511, 512 Panoli GIDC, Bharuch, Gujarat- 394 115
			4. Plot No E-136, MIDC, Tarapur, Dist - Thane, Maharashtra 401 506
			* 10% cash Margin for BG facility.
			* Corporate Guarrantee of
			1.Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited
			2. Sanjoo Prints Private Limited
			3. Sanjoo Filaments Private Limited
			* Personal Guarrantee of
			1.Ritu Budhia
			2.Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia
			3.Sanwarprasad Budhia



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Annexure A - Security, repayment and pricing details for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025 (To be read with Note 19 and 22)

Particulars	Rate of Interest*	Tenure	Terms of Security
9) Ascertis Credit (Previously know as Barings Private Equity Asia) (i) Non Convertible Debenture	IRR of 16.08 % p.a.	60 months	The Facility shall be secured by: • Exclusive pledge over 51% shareholding of issuer ("Pledged Shares"), on a fully diluted basis • Residual charge over all fixed assets and current assets of the Issuer; • Exclusive charge over the ISRA and balances; • Exclusive charge over the Issuer Escrow Account and balances therein; and • Personal Guarantee of the Personal Guarantors; however, personal guarantee of Mr. Sanwar Prasad Budhia shall be released once all other lenders to the Issuer have released his guarantee and no Event of Default is subsisting
10) HDFC Bank Limited (i) Auto loan with sanction amount INR 10.2 million (Four of INR 2.55 Million each) (ii) Auto loan with sanction amount INR 2.55 million	9.11% p.a. 8.90% p.a.	60 months 60 months	Secured by JCB
11) Daimler Financial Services Private Limited (i) Auto loan with sanction amount INR 5.60 million	6.72% p.a.	60 months	Secured against Car
12) Siemens Financial Services Pvt Ltd (i) PID Facility with sanction amount of INR 30 million	12.00% p.a.	90 days	* Personal Guarrantee of Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia
13) Oxyzo Financial Services Pvt Ltd (i) Dropline loan PF with sanction amount INR 70 million	14.25% p.a.	18 months	-
14) Ambium Finserve Pvt Ltd (i) TL (Consumables/Raw Materials) with sanction amount INR 100 million	13.25% p.a.	18 months	First pari-passu charge on current assets and moveable assets of Sanjoo Dyeing and Printing Mills Private Limited along with HDFC bank * Corporate Guarrantee of 1. Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited 2. Sanjoo Prints Private Limited * Personal Guarrantee of 1. Ritu Budhia 2. Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia 3. Budhiya Sanwarprasad

*Rates are taken as on March 31, 2026



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

21) Deferred Taxes**I. Deferred tax balances**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	169.15	134.42

Loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits - Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilized.

II. Deferred tax movement during the year

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability), at the beginning	(134.42)	(120.65)
Add : Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability) on timing differences	(34.73)	(13.77)
Net Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability), at the end	(169.15)	(134.42)
Provision for Deferred Tax Liability/(Asset)	34.73	13.77

III. Deferred tax recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Deferred tax on:		
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligation (Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss)	(0.32)	(0.02)

IV. Analysis of the deferred tax asset / (liabilities)

As At March 31, 2026	Opening balances	Recognised in Profit and loss (net)	Recognised in OCI (net)	Closing balances
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities:				
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(146.32)	(55.52)	-	(201.83)
Borrowings	(2.01)	1.55	-	(0.45)
Employee Benefit Expense	-	0.32	(0.32)	-
Trade Payables	(2.97)	2.10	-	(0.86)
Deferred tax liabilities	(151.29)	(51.54)	(0.32)	(203.15)
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets:				
Lease Liability	10.66	11.92	-	22.57
Security Deposit	3.68	1.02	-	4.70
Non Convertible Debenture	0.08	1.45	-	1.53
Employee Stock Options	1.25	2.75	-	4.00
Provision for expected credit loss	1.20	(0.00)	-	1.20
Deferred tax assets	16.87	17.13	-	34.00
Net deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets	(134.42)	(34.41)	(0.32)	(169.15)



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

21) Deferred Taxes

As At March 31, 2025	Opening balances	Recognised in Profit and loss (net)	Recognised in OCI (net)	Closing balances
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities:				
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(102.43)	(43.89)	-	(146.32)
Borrowings	(1.44)	(0.57)	-	(2.01)
Employee Benefit Expense	-	0.02	(0.02)	-
Trade Payables	(2.37)	(0.59)	-	(2.97)
Deferred tax liabilities	(106.24)	(45.04)	(0.02)	(151.29)
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets:				
Lease Liability	(14.89)	25.55	-	10.66
Security Deposit	(0.22)	3.91	-	3.68
Non Convertible Debenture	0.70	(0.62)	-	0.08
Employee Stock Options	-	1.25	-	1.25
Provision for expected credit loss	-	1.20	-	1.20
Deferred tax assets	(14.41)	31.28	-	16.87
Net deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets	(120.65)	(13.75)	(0.02)	(134.42)



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***28 Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments:**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Contingent Liabilities		
In Respect of:		
- GST	10.67	0.37
- Litigations under Income Tax	-	0.01
- Order of Superintendent of Stamps	35.77	8.68
- Bank Guarantee	75.33	67.57
Total Contingent Liabilities	121.77	76.62
Capital Commitments		
- Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed for purchase of property, plant & equipments and not provided for	700.00	1,050.00
Total Capital Commitments	700.00	1,050.00



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***29 Revenue from Operations**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue from - Sale of products:		
Sale of Steam	3,432.52	3,171.78
Sale of Nitrogen Gas	5.77	0.90
Sale of Coal	1,323.27	762.45
Sales - Others	21.90	15.93
Revenue from - Sale of services:		
Construction and project related activity (Refer note 48)	131.65	-
Total	4,915.11	3,951.06

30 Other Income

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Interest Income from Bank Fixed deposits	5.30	9.26
Interest Income from Others	15.17	3.80
Gain on modification of lease contract	2.50	-
Interest Income on lease deposits	1.40	1.42
Amortisation of Prepaid Deposit	0.06	0.69
Profit on sale of assets	-	14.71
Gain and loss on remeasurement of financial Liability	-	1.05
Exchange Gain /(Loss) resultant from the transaction /translation	-	0.52
Scrap Sales	2.85	0.00
Claim and other Income	1.19	2.20
Balances written Back	3.55	0.58
Provision written Back	2.60	-
Total	34.63	34.23



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***31 Cost of Materials Consumed**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Cost of raw materials and component consumed:		
Opening stock of material	448.03	462.27
Add: Purchases during the year	1,431.73	1,513.85
	1,879.76	1,976.11
Less: Closing stock of material	(412.84)	(448.03)
	1,466.91	1,528.08
Construction material consumed	131.65	-
Total	1,598.57	1,528.08

32 Purchase of Stock-in-Trade

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Coal (*)	1,298.63	771.34
Steam	639.57	539.10
Others	6.81	11.26
Total	1,945.01	1,321.70

(*) Coal Purchased is mainly used for the production of steam. However, it is also sold in the market by the Company. Due to uncertainty with respect to the quantity of coal to be held for sale, the Company have shown stock of coal under closing stock of coal.

33 Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in-Progress and Stock-in-Trade

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Opening Stock	11.40	-
Less: Closing stock	-	11.40
Total	11.40	(11.40)



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***34 Employee Benefits Expense**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Salaries and wages	99.37	81.26
Contribution to and provision for:		
Provident and other funds	2.44	1.82
Retirement benefit (including contribution to Group Gratuity) [Refer Note No. 47]	2.29	1.93
Share based payment expenses [Refer Note No. 45]	15.89	4.96
Staff welfare expenses	6.73	4.78
Director's Remuneration	8.05	3.09
Total	134.78	97.84

35 Finance Costs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Interest Expenses (**)	110.46	103.89
Other Borrowing cost	4.82	8.38
Finance charges - Interest on lease	41.08	37.39
LC commitment charges	43.36	56.23
Interest on Debentures	-	2.48
Interest on Steam Deposit	0.03	0.52
Interest on late payment to Micro and Small enterprises	0.50	2.68
Applicable loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	5.68	-
Loss on remeasurement of borrowings	2.71	-
Interest on income tax	8.64	10.23
Total	217.30	221.80

** In accordance with Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" and Ind AS 113 "Fair Value Measurements", term loans borrowed from banks are financial instruments and accordingly the processing fee paid on bank loans is valued at fair valuation and recognised as "Term loan deferred processing fee" which is amortised as "Deferred interest expense" which is included in "Interest Expense" over the period of term loan using effective interest rate for each bank loan taken during the year.



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***36 Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment Expenses**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	98.58	69.44
Amortisation of intangible assets	1.76	1.35
Depreciaiton of right of use assets	39.52	36.99
Impairment losses	-	8.16
Total	139.86	115.94

37 Other Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
(A) Manufacturing Expenses		
Labour charges	69.54	50.12
Consumption of store and spare	1.95	1.52
Utility charges*	138.09	110.19
Factory Expenses	16.69	2.87
Freight Expenses	0.12	0.06
Fly Ash Expense	0.87	1.83
Repair & Maintenance	32.56	28.84
General Repair & Maintenance	0.05	-
Loading and Unloading Expenses	5.96	14.48
Insurance machinery, factory, etc.	4.88	1.75
Transportation expenses	16.78	6.72
Condensate Water	1.63	1.30
Total (A)	289.12	219.66
(B) Administrative Expenses		
Legal & professional charges	13.13	12.49
Director Sitting fees	3.10	1.60
Insurance expenses	-	0.14
Rent, rates, taxes & duties	19.73	16.57
Repairs & maintenance (Aircraft)	4.53	2.96
Aircraft handling charges	0.91	0.47
Penalty Expenses	0.62	0.61
Internet Expense	0.29	0.32
Late Payment charges	0.06	2.32



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)*

Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	9.42	7.74
Office Expenses	3.35	2.88
Membership & Subscription Fees	1.69	0.90
Direct Tax Expense	-	3.12
G.I.D.C expense	0.02	-
Stationery & Communication expenses	1.67	1.41
AMC CHARGES	1.01	0.83
Indirect taxes expenses	0.01	0.69
Contribution to Political Parties	-	3.50
Donation	0.01	0.20
Balance written off	0.30	0.09
Security charges	5.61	3.33
Payments to Auditor (Refer Note below)	1.75	1.75
Training expenses (Aircraft)	1.32	3.86
CSR expenditure	8.45	6.99
Award Compensation Expense	1.29	-
Notified Area Tax	1.29	0.86
Application Fees	0.95	0.05
Other Administrative Expenses	1.38	1.18
Total (B)	81.91	76.87
(C) Selling & Distribution Expenses		
Bad debts written off	-	0.06
Provision for Expected Credit Losses	2.82	4.71
Commission and Brokerage	5.38	9.41
Sponsorship Expenses	0.10	-
Advertisement, business promotion and Seminar expenses	11.12	10.87
Total (C)	19.42	25.04
Grand Total (A)+(B)+(C)	390.45	321.58

Utility charges includes electricity and drainage charges*Note: Payment to Auditors**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
1. As Auditors	1.75	1.75
2. As advisor in any other capacity in respect of:		
i. Company law matter	-	-
ii. Taxation matters	-	-
iii. Management Services	-	-
iv. In other matters	-	-
Total	1.75	1.75



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***38) Earnings per share (EPS)**

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Profit attributable to equity share holders	386.39	311.71
Weighted average number of Equity Shares for calculating Basic EPS (No.)	225,976,750	225,976,750
Weighted average number of Equity Shares for calculating Diluted EPS (No.)	226,219,771	226,024,921
Earnings per share - Basic	1.71	1.38
Earnings per share - Diluted	1.71	1.38
Face value per share (INR)	2.00	2.00



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED
CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493
NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026
(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)
39. Ratios

Ratios	Numerator and Denominator	For the year ended March 31, 2026		For the year ended March 31, 2025		% Change as compared to the preceding year	Reason for variance
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio		
Current Ratio	Current Assets	1,221.26	0.36	1,150.28	0.46	(20.96)	
	Current Liability	3,365.98		2,505.77			
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	3,353.27	1.94	2,714.90	2.05	(5.31)	
	Shareholders' Equity	1,727.80		1,324.57			
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning for Debt Service	681.11	1.32	578.86	1.20	10.04	
	Debt service	515.52		482.14			
Return on Equity Ratio	PAT	386.39	0.25	311.71	0.26	(4.16)	
	Avg. Shareholders' Equity	1,526.19		1,180.01			
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of goods sold	3,554.98	8.14	2,838.38	6.15	32.33	The inventory turnover ratio improved primarily due to higher coal consumption driven by increased sales and efficient inventory management
	Average Inventory	436.93		461.64			
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales*	4,783.45	13.76	3,951.06	14.83	(7.24)	
	Avg. Accounts Receivable	347.65		266.36			



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

39. Ratios

Ratios	Numerator and Denominator	For the year ended March 31, 2026		For the year ended March 31, 2025		% Change as compared to the preceding year	Reason for variance
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio		
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net credit Purchase	3,376.74	3.94	2,835.54	4.95	(20.38)	
	Avg. Trade Payables	856.34		572.58			
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	4,915.11	(2.29)	3,951.06	(2.91)	(21.38)	
	Working capital	(2,144.73)		(1,355.49)			
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	386.39	0.08	311.71	0.08	(0.36)	
	Net Sales	4,915.11		3,951.06			
Return on Capital Employed	EBIT	712.62	0.14	601.32	0.14	(5.79)	
	Capital Employed	5,250.22		4,173.89			
Return on Investment	Note (i) - The Company has investments only in the equity shares of companies and there are no dividends or other returns from the companies for the current year and previous years as such the disclosure of this ratio is not applicable to the Company.						

*Revenue from sale of services for construction and project related activity has been excluded



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***40) Risk management**

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and commodity risk.

A. Liquidity Risk -

Liquidity risk refers to insufficiency of funds to meet the financial obligations. Liquidity risk management implies maintenance of sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit lines to meet obligations when due.

Maturities of financial liabilities:

The Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods is given below. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		
	Carrying Amount	Within 12 months	After 12 months
Borrowings	2,816.22	1,824.97	991.25
Lease Liability	537.05	102.50	434.55
Trade payables	932.34	932.34	-
Other financial liabilities	160.38	54.51	105.87
Total non-derivative liabilities	4,445.99	2,914.32	1,531.67

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025		
	Carrying Amount	Within 12 months	After 12 months
Borrowings	2,229.47	1,240.60	988.87
Lease Liability	485.37	81.36	404.02
Trade payables	780.35	780.35	-
Other financial liabilities	113.27	34.13	79.13
Total non-derivative liabilities	3,608.46	2,136.43	1,472.02

The inflows/(outflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to derivative financial liabilities held for risk management purposes and which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity.

B. Credit risk

The concentration of credit risk is very limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and widely dispersed and secured with security deposit. Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The Company is dependent on the domestic market for its business and revenues. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry and country in which customers operate. Exposures to credit risk the Company is exposed to the counterparty credit risk arising from the possibility that counterparties might fail to comply with contractual obligations. This exposure may arise with regard to unsettled amount. The Company's credit policies and practices with respect to distribution areas are designed to limit credit exposure by collecting security deposits prior to providing utility services or after utility service has commenced according to applicable regulatory requirements.



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)*

Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. On account of adoption of Ind AS 109, the Company uses expected credit loss model to assess impairment loss or gain. The Company uses a matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors and Company's historical experience for customers;

- The Company has made provision on expected credit loss on trade receivables and other financial assets, based on the management estimates.
- Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by domestic credit rating agencies.

C. Market Risk**Currency Risk -**

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the EURO. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a Company that is not the Company's functional currency. The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency cash flows. The objective of the hedges is to minimise the volatility of the cash flows of highly probable forecast transactions by hedging the foreign exchange inflows on regular basis.

Currency risks related to the principal amounts of the Company's foreign currency receivable/ payables have not been hedged using forward contracts.

Exposure to currency risk

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	EURO in Millions	EURO in Millions
Financial Instruments		
Trade payables	0.00	-
Net financial position exposure	0.00	-

Interest risk

The Company has exposure to interest rate risk, arising principally on changes in Marginal Cost of Funds based Lending Rate (MCLR). A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the Government Security Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Fixed Rate Borrowings (*)	7.19	15.14
Variable Rate Borrowings	2,809.04	2,214.34

(*) This borrowing does not include the borrowing from related parties and current borrowings



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED

CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493

NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***Interest rate risk sensitivity:**

The below mentioned sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to interest rates for floating rate borrowings. For this it is assumed that the amount of the floating rate liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher or lower, other variables being held constant, following is the impact on profit before tax:

Sensitivity Analysis	Impact on Profit Before Tax	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Increase by 100 basis points	(28.09)	(22.14)
Decrease by 100 basis points	28.09	22.14

D. Commodity risk

The commodity exposure is mainly on account of Coal, a substantial part of which is a pass through cost and hence the commodity price exposure is not likely to have a material financial impact on the Company.

The Company have exposure to USD / INR exchange rate arising principally on account of import of coal. The Company does not follow a policy of hedging for such exposures and actual rupee costs of import of coal are substantially passed on to the consumers, because of which such commodity price exposure is not likely to have a material financial impact on the Company.

41) Capital management

The Company's capital comprises equity share capital, surplus in the statement of profit and loss and other equity attributable to equity holder.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to :

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. These ratios are illustrated below :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Total Borrowings	2,816.22	2,229.47
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalent	1.79	21.77
Net Liability	2,814.43	2,207.70
Total Equity	1,727.80	1,324.57
Net Debt-Equity Ratio	1.63	1.67

42) Employee Benefits

Employee Gratuity fund scheme is for the purpose of the Defined Benefits. The Company is making annual contributions for gratuities to funds administered by trustees and managed by insurer (LIC) for amounts notified by the insurer. The present value of obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary.

The Company has paid premium under Staff Gratuity EGGS Scheme with the LIC. Accordingly, all the required disclosures are provided in the standalone financial statements to the extent details available from actuarial valuation report and LIC gratuity valuation report respectively.

These plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: Investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***Concentration risk:**

Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

Investment risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting year on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Salary risk:

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

I. Charge to the Statement of Profit and Loss based on Defined Contribution Plans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Employer's contribution to Provident Fund	2.03	1.39
Employer's contribution to ESIC	0.42	0.43
Total	2.44	1.81



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***43) Fair Value Measurement Financial Instruments by category (net of ECL Provision)****Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities:**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026			
	Carrying Amount	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets				
Loans	0.05	-	-	0.05
Investments	-	-	-	-
Cash & Bank balances	1.79	-	-	1.79
Other Bank Balance	103.32	-	-	103.32
Trade Receivables	392.83	-	-	392.83
Other Financial Assets	204.37	-	-	204.37
	702.36	-	-	702.36
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	2,816.22	-	-	2,816.22
Trade payables	932.34	-	-	932.34
Other financial liabilities	697.42	-	-	697.42
	4,445.99	-	-	4,445.99
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025			
	Carrying Amount	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets				
Loans	2.00	-	-	2.00
Investments	0.10	-	-	0.10
Cash & Bank balances	21.77	-	-	21.77
Other Bank Balance	55.01	-	-	55.01
Trade Receivables	302.47	-	-	302.47
Other Financial Assets	135.19	-	-	135.19
	516.55	-	-	516.55
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	2,229.47	-	-	2,229.47
Trade payables	780.35	-	-	780.35
Other financial liabilities	598.64	-	-	598.64
	3,608.46	-	-	3,608.46



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***Financial assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Loans	0.05	0.05	2.00	2.00
Investments	-	-	0.10	0.10
Cash & Bank balances	1.79	1.79	21.77	21.77
Other Bank Balance	103.32	103.32	55.01	55.01
Trade Receivables	392.83	392.83	302.47	302.47
Other Financial Assets	204.37	204.37	135.19	135.19
	702.36	702.36	516.55	516.55
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	2,816.22	2,816.22	2,229.47	2,229.47
Trade payables	932.34	932.34	780.35	780.35
Other financial liabilities	697.42	697.42	598.64	598.64
	4,445.99	4,445.99	3,608.46	3,608.46



STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***44. Disclosures for Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee as per Section 135 and schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014.

As per the provisions of the Act, the Company is required to spend at least 2% of the average net profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding financial years.

Following are the details of amount spent:

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
(i)	Construction / Acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii)	On Purpose other than (i) above	8.57	6.93

Following are the additional details regarding CSR Expenditure

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Gross amount required to be spent towards CSR u/s 135 of the Companies Act, 2013(A)	8.42	6.99
Excess amount spent of previous year	0.26	0.32
Net amount to be spent towards CSR (A)	8.16	6.67
Amount approved by the board to be spent during the year	8.40	6.97
Amount Spent during the year (B)		
(a) Construction / Acquisition of asset		-
(b) Others	8.57	6.93
Excess / (Shortfall) (A) – (B)	0.41	0.26

Details of related party transactions:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Contribution to Steamhouse Welfare Foundation	4.28	2.25



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

45. Employee's share based payment plans

Steamhouse India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2024

During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company implemented its Employee Stock Option Plan 2024 ("ESOP 2024" or "ESOP Scheme" or "the Plan"). The plan was originally approved by the members of the Company on July 5th, 2024 and subsequently options were granted on January 18th, 2025 which were approved by Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors. The plan enables grant of stock options to the eligible employees of the Company not exceeding 11,29,884 options, which is 0.50% of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on March 31, 2026. Further, the stock options to any single employee under the Plan shall not exceed 0.50% of the issued capital of the Company, at the time of grant of options, during the tenure of the Plan, subject to prior specific approval from members of the Company through a special resolution to this effect is obtained.

(a) Details of stock options and fair value of stock options granted:

Particulars	
Grant Date	January 18, 2025
Vesting Period	12 months from the date of grant or 9 months from date of listing of equity shares (IPO) whichever is later
Maximum term of option granted	5 years
Fair Value as on Grant date (INR per option)	86
Exercise price (INR per option)	2
Method of valuation	Discounted Cash Flow Method
Dividend yield (%)	0.00%
Method of Settlement	Equity shares

(b) Movement of options:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Balance as at the beginning of the year	618,622	-
Options granted during the year	-	618,622
Options exercised during the year	-	-
Options lapsed/ forfeited during the year	193,527	-
Balance as at the end of the year	425,095	618,622
Number of options exercisable at the year end	-	-

(c) During the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, the Company has recognised a share based payment expenses of INR 15.89 million and INR 4.96 million, respectively (also refer Note 34).



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

46) Related Party Disclosure

As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are as follows:

I. List of related parties

No	Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship
1	Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia	Directors of the company
2	Ramprakash B Sharma	Directors of the company
3	Yadav Lalankumar Dayanand	Directors of the company
4	Vinay Omprakash Sonthalia	Directors of the company
5	Richa Manoj Goyal	Directors of the company
6	Rathod Baldevsinh Yogendrasinh	Directors of the company
7	Vaibhav Gattani	Key Managerial Personnel
8	Shyam Bhadrash Kapadia	Key Managerial Personnel
9	Steamhouse Welfare Foundation	Wholly-owned subsidiary
10	Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Private Limited	Companies under the same management
11	Sanjoo Filaments Private Limited	Companies under the same management
12	Steamhouse Care Foundation	Companies under the same management
13	Aerohouse Aviation Private Limited (Formally known as Steamhouse Green Private Limited)	Companies under the same management
14	Ravv Ventures LLP	Companies under the same management
15	Sanjoo Prints Private Limited	Companies under the same management
16	Steam House Enviro Private Limited	Companies under the same management
17	Brickcrest Infrasel Private Limited (Formerly known as Steamhouse Private Limited)	Companies under the same management
18	Sanjoo Dyeing INC	Companies under the same management
19	Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia HUF	Parties Related to Director
20	Sanwarprasad Ramkumar Budhia	Relative of Directors
21	Sanwarprasad R Budhia HUF	Relative of Directors
22	Ritu Budhia	Relative of Directors
23	Khushi Budhia	Relative of Directors
24	Zheel Budhia	Relative of Directors
25	Kamal Yogesh Agarawal	Relative of Directors
26	Budhia Kumaresh Sanwarprasad	Relative of Directors
27	Pushpadevi Sanwarprasad Budhia	Relative of Directors



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***II. Transactions entered with the related party (excluding compensation to directors and key managerial person)**

Name of the related party	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt Ltd	Interest Expense	16.70	4.32
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt Ltd	Loan Obtained	1,107.87	795.84
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt Ltd	Purchase	311.24	328.49
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt Ltd	Purchase of Fixed Assets	-	63.36
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt Ltd	Repayment of Loan Obtained	1,083.80	800.16
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt Ltd	Sales	902.44	656.02
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Interest Expense	3.52	0.95
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Loan Obtained	94.83	61.18
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Purchase of Fixed Assets	-	4.22
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Rent	1.24	1.24
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Repayment of Loan Obtained	82.22	62.13
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Sales	8.64	-
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia	Loan Obtained	-	1.03
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia	Repayment of Loan Obtained	-	1.03
Khushi Budhia	Salary	0.36	0.06
Zheel Budhia	Salary	0.36	0.06
Sanjoo Dyeing INC	Rent Expense	12.06	3.87

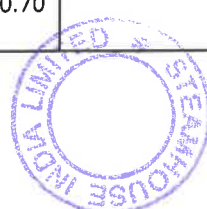


STEAMHOUSE INDIA LIMITED**CIN - U40300GJ2015PLC083493****NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026***(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***III. Accounts Balance with the related party**

Name of the related party	Balance Type	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd.	Creditors	78.37	104.31
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd.	Debtors	7.26	-
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd.	Deposit given	15.00	15.00
Sanjoo Dyeing & Printing Mills Pvt. Ltd.	Loan Obtained	39.11	-
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Creditors	4.22	5.76
Sanjoo Prints Pvt Ltd	Loan Obtained	15.77	-
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia	Salary and Reimbursement Payable	0.39	-
Ramprakash B Sharma	Salary Payable	0.15	-
Yadav Lalankumar Dayanand	Salary Payable	0.06	-
Vaibhav Gattani	Salary Payable	0.23	-
Shyam Bhadresh Kapadia	Salary Payable	0.09	-
Khushi Budhia	Salary Payable	0.03	-
Zheel Budhia	Salary Payable	0.03	-
Rathod Baldevsinh Yogendrasinh	Sitting Fees Payable	0.09	-

IV. Compensation to Directors and Key Managerial Person

Name of the related party	Transaction Type	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia	Salary	5.40	0.84
Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia	Reimbursement of Expenses	2.85	-
Shyam Bhadresh Kapadia	Salary	1.31	1.01
Vaibhav Gattani	Salary	6.37	4.80
Richa Manoj Goyal	Director Sitting Fees	1.00	0.60
Vinay Omprakash Sonthalia	Director Sitting Fees	1.30	0.70
Rathod Baldevsinh Yogendrasinh	Director Sitting Fees	0.80	0.35
Ramprakash B Sharma	Director Remuneration (Inclusive of Bonus)	2.06	1.80
Yadav Lalankumar Dayanand	Director Remuneration (Inclusive of Bonus)	0.70	0.59



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(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

47. Disclosures for Defined Benefit Plans based on Actuarial Valuation Reports

	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.73%	6.92%
Rate of Discounting	7.73%	6.92%
Rate of Salary Increase	7.00%	7.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	3.00%	3.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)

A. Change in the Present Value of defined benefit obligation -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Year	6.26	6.05
Interest Cost	0.43	0.41
Current Service Cost	2.45	1.98
Past Service Cost	-	-
Liability Transferred In/ Acquisitions	-	-
(Liability Transferred Out/ Divestments)	-	-
(Gains)/ Losses on Curtailment	-	-
(Liabilities Extinguished on Settlement)	-	-
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	-	(1.84)
(Benefit Paid From the Fund)	(0.29)	(0.33)
The Effect Of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Demographic Assumptions	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	(0.86)	0.25
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	(0.37)	(0.26)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Year	7.63	6.26

B. Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the year	8.53	6.74
Interest Income	0.59	0.46
Contributions by the Employer	2.54	1.61
Expected Contributions by the Employees	-	-
Assets Transferred In/Acquisitions	-	-
(Assets Transferred Out/ Divestments)	-	-
(Benefit Paid from the Fund)	(0.29)	(0.33)
(Assets Distributed on Settlements)	-	-
Effects of Asset Ceiling	-	-
The Effect of Changes In Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	0.06	0.06
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Year	11.44	8.53



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

47. Disclosures for Defined Benefit Plans based on Actuarial Valuation Reports**C. Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet -**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
(Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the year)	(7.63)	(6.26)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	11.44	8.53
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	3.81	2.28
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	3.81	2.28

D. Net Interest Cost for the Year

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the year	6.26	6.05
(Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the year)	(8.53)	(6.74)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	(2.28)	(0.69)
Interest Cost	0.43	0.41
(Interest Income)	(0.59)	(0.46)
Net Interest Cost for Current Year	(0.16)	(0.05)

E. Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for the Year

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Current Service Cost	2.45	1.98
Net Interest Cost	(0.16)	(0.05)
Past Service Cost	-	-
(Expected Contributions by the Employees)	-	-
(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments And Settlements	-	-
Net Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
Expenses Recognized	2.29	1.93

F. Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the Year/ Period

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on obligation for the Year	(1.22)	(0.01)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(0.06)	(0.06)
Change in Asset Ceiling	-	-
Net (Income)/Expense For the Year Recognized in OCI	(1.28)	(0.07)

G. Balance Sheet Reconciliation -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Opening Net Liability	(2.28)	(0.69)
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	2.29	1.93
Expenses Recognized in OCI	(1.28)	(0.07)
Net Liability/(Asset) Transfer In	-	-
Net (Liability)/Asset Transfer Out	-	-
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	-	(1.84)
(Employer's Contribution)	(2.54)	(1.61)
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(3.81)	(2.28)



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***47. Disclosures for Defined Benefit Plans based on Actuarial Valuation Reports****H. Category of Assets -**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Insurance fund	11.44	8.53
Total	11.44	8.53

I. Other Details -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
No of Members in Service	235	197
Per Month Salary For Members in Service	6.57	5.09
Weighted Average Duration of the Defined Benefit Obligation	15.00	16
Average Expected Future Service	17	18
Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) - Total	7.63	6.26
Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) - Due but Not Paid	0.09	0.03
Expected Contribution in the Next Year	-	0.17

J. Net Interest Cost for Next Year -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the year	7.63	6.26
(Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the year)	(11.44)	(8.53)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the End of the year	(3.81)	(2.28)
Interest Cost	0.58	0.43
(Interest Income)	(0.88)	(0.59)
Net Interest Cost for Next Year	(0.29)	(0.16)

K. Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Next Year -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Current Service Cost	3.06	2.45
Net Interest Cost	(0.29)	(0.16)
(Expected Contributions by the Employees)	-	-
Expenses Recognized	2.77	2.29

L. Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting		
1st Following Year	0.24	0.41
2nd Following Year	0.57	0.13
3rd Following Year	0.24	0.17
4th Following Year	0.34	0.21
5th Following Year	0.41	0.29
Sum of Years 6 to 10	2.35	1.92
Sum of Years 11 and above	23.51	18.91



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026*(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)***47. Disclosures for Defined Benefit Plans based on Actuarial Valuation Reports****M. Sensitivity Analysis -**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Defined Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	7.63	6.26
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(0.88)	(0.81)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	1.08	1.01
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	0.95	0.85
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(0.81)	(0.77)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	0.01	(0.07)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(0.03)	0.07

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the Defined Benefit Obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis; the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the Defined Benefit Obligation.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.



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48. Disclosure for service concession agreement pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

The Company has undertaken a project for design, build, erection, commissioning, operation and maintenance of "Municipal Solid Waste to Steam Plant" basis as per the service concession agreement (SCA) with the government authorities. The significant terms of the arrangement are as under

Period of concession Initial period of 10 years from commercial operation date and extendable by another 5 years by mutual agreement or if required to compensate the Concessionaire for Authority Defaults or prolonged Force Majeure.

Remuneration Right to revenue of by-products provided to customers

Funding from grantor A one time grant not exceeding INR 347.50 millions plus indirect taxes applicable disbursed in instalments as per progress and in appropriate proportion of work done.

Infrastructure return at the end of the concession period The project assets have to be transferred at the end of concession period.

Rights & Obligations

Major obligations of the concessionaire are relating to:

- i) Achieving financial closure and mobilizing financing for the Project (with no resource to the Authority beyond the Grant and fees therein),
- ii) Designing and constructing the Project Facilities in compliance with the agreed technical specifications and timelines,
- iii) Providing Performance Security and O&M Security in a timely manner,
- iv) Operating and maintaining the Facilities to meet or exceed the KPIs, Availability, Throughput, and Discharge Guarantees in a safe, efficient, and environmentally sound manner,
- v) Ensuring compliance with all environmental, health and safety standards, and obtaining/maintaining all applicable permits for construction will operator Handing back the facilities to the Authority upon expiry/ termination in the prescribed condition.

Major obligations of the Authority are relating to:

- i) Handover of encumbrance-free possession of the Site and grant of necessary Right of Way and access rights by the agreed dates
- ii) Assisting in obtaining Applicable Permits that are in the Authority's purview or to be issued by state agencies, and issuing necessary letters of support as required
- iii) Making available or arranging an authorized Disposal/landfill site for Residual Waste and Inert rejects. The Authority shall accept up to 20% of input waste as inert residual at its landfill
- iv) Providing access roads to the Site
- v) Monitoring and supervision through its officials or the Independent Engineer, and performing inspections/tests in a timely manner
- vi) Not interfering in the Concessionaire's rights to operate and commercialize by-products
- vii) Payment on part of capital as per prescribed in funding

Classification of service arrangement

The service arrangement has been classified as a Service Concession Arrangement for a 'Build-Operate-Transfer' project as per Appendix D to Ind AS 115- Revenue from contracts with customers using bifurcated model.

Construction revenue recognised INR 131.65 millions (Previous year: Nil) (Refer note 29)



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NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(All amounts are stated in INR in Millions unless otherwise stated)

49. Additional regulatory information

- (i) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets during the current year.
- (ii) The Company do not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property.
- (iii) The Company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lenders.
- (iv) The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- (v) The Company does not have any charge or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with Registrar of companies beyond the statutory period.
- (vi) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current financial year or any of the previous financial years.
- (vii) The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement as per sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (viii) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (ix) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (x) The Company has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. However, the Company is not required to file any quarterly returns or statements with such banks or financial institutions.
- (xi) The Company has complied with clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 with respect to layer of companies.
- (xii) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (xiii) Loans or advances in nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) either severally or jointly with any other persons are as follows:

Type of borrower	For the year ended March 31, 2026				For the year ended March 31, 2025			
	Repayable on demand		without specifying any		Repayable on demand		without specifying any terms	
	Amount Outstanding	% of Total	Amount Outstanding	% of Total	Amount Outstanding	% of Total	Amount Outstanding	% of Total
Promoters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Directors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KMPs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Related Parties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

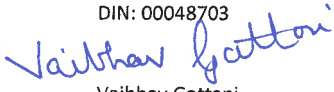
For Natvarlal Vepari & Co
Chartered Accountants.
 Firm Reg. No. 123626W

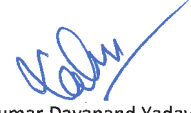

Urvesh B. Jhaveri
Partner
Mem. No.: 115773
Date : 18-08-2026
Place: Surat

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
For Steamhouse India Limited


Vishal Sanwarprasad Budhia
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN: 00017705


Ramprakash Bhavdutt Sharma
Director
DIN: 00048703


Vaibhav Gattani
Chief Financial Officer
Date : 18-08-2026
Place: Surat


Lalankumar Dayanand Yadav
Director
DIN: 07893781


Shyam Bhadresh Kapadia
Company Secretary
FCS - 13082

